

Тексты по патриотическому воспитанию (программа ЛИНГВиСТик)

The Russian Federation

Russia is one of the largest countries in the world. The vast territory of Russia lies in the eastern part of Europe and the northern part of Asia.

Russia is washed by twelve seas and three oceans. The capital of Russian Federation is Moscow, with the population of about 10 million people.

The land of Russia varies very much from forests to deserts, from high mountains to deep valleys. The main mountain are the Urals, the Caucasus and the Altai. There are a lot of great rivers and deep lakes on its territory. Also there are many animals in Russia. The longest rivers are the Volga in Europe and the Ob, the Yenisei and the Lena in Asia. The largest lakes are Ladoga and Baikal. Baikal is the deepest lake in the world and its water is the purest on earth.

The Russian Federation is rich in natural and mineral resources. It has deposits of oil, gas, iron, gold, silver and many others.

The European part of the country is densely peopled, and most population live in cities. The current population of Russia is more than 145 million people.

Russia is a presidential republic. It is one of the leading powers in the world.

The Udmurt Republic

I live in the Udmurt Republic. The Udmurt Republic is bordered by the Kirov Oblast, the Perm Krai, the Republic of Bashkortostan, and the Republic of Tatarstan. The capital of the Udmurt Republic is Izhevsk. Today Izhevsk is a major economic, industrial, scientific, cultural, transportation, political and administrative center.

The official symbol of Udmurtia is a republic flag. It has three vertical stripes: white, red and black. There is an eight-pointed red solar sign in the middle of the white stripe. Black color is a symbol of the earth and stability, red – the sun and life, white – space and moral purity. The eight-pointed solar sign – a legendary guarding symbol- protects the man from misfortunes. The National emblem of the Udmurt Republic is a round red-and-black shield, on which there is a white swan with spread wings. The white swan, or man-bird, is a symbol of revival, wisdom, valor and perfection.

There are a lot of thick forests, beautiful meadows and pure springs in Udmurtia. Another name of the republic is The Land of Springs. The longest river is the Kama.

My motherland is also rich in its people. They are kind, hospitable, but very shy and trustful. A lot of talented people were born here: M.Kalashnikov, P.Chaikivsky, G.Kulakova and many others.

I love Russia

Russia is my country. It is the biggest country in the world. Russia is situated on two continents: Europe and Asia. Russia is a very rich country. There are many mountains, rivers, lakes and forests in my country, some of which are very beautiful.

The Volga is the longest river in Europe. Seas and oceans wash Russia in the north, south, east and west.

The plant and animal worlds of my country are also very rich. There are lots of different animals, birds and plants in our forests, fields and mountains. Russia is also rich in gold, silver and other minerals.

One Russia symbol is the Russian national flag. This flag has three wide stripes on it. The stripes are white, blue and red. These colours have always been symbolic in Russia: white -- noble and sincere, blue – honest and devoted to friend, family and to the country. The red colour has always meant love and bravery.

The other symbol of Russia which all Russian people know and love is the birch tree. People sing beautiful songs with poetic words about birch trees and plant them near their houses. Russia is my country and I love it very much!

Famous Russian generals

All Russian people know these names, Alexander Suvorov and Michael Kutuzov. They are two famous generals. Alexander Vasilyevich Suvorov was born in 1729. He was a noble, honest man, devoted to his country and his people. Suvorov took part in many wars. He had a lot of victories because he knew army life very well.

Suvorov was not a kind general, but he had a kind heart. He loved his soldiers and they loved him. His soldiers were never hungry and his officers took care of the soldiers, though certainly their life was not at all easy. Suvorov taught his soldiers and officers to be brave; he taught them to win in the battles against the enemy. His soldiers were never afraid of the enemy, even when the enemy was very strong.

As for, Michael Kutuzov, he was Suvorov's pupil. He was born in 1745 in St. Petersburg. His father was an engineer in the Russian army. Little Michael was a kind, clever boy. Their family was very hospitable. Michael had a lot of friends and was an excellent pupil. He was good at maths, and knew many foreign languages. When he became an officer he took part in many battles. He was a brave and honest officer. Kutuzov believed in Russian soldiers. He taught them the art of winning.

When Kutuzov was forty-five years old he became a general. During the war of 1812 Kutuzov fought a lot of battles. He was an old man by then, but he won practically all of them. The famous battle of Borodino was the first Russian victory of that war. After that it took Kutuzov only three months to win the war completely. Napoleon ran away from Russia. Russia again became free and, independent. I think these people are an example to follow.